

Daily British Colonist.

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1886.

{ VOLUME LV
NO. 124 }

Daily Colonist.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY
BY D. W. HIGGINS.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.
TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE DAILY COLONIST—Per Year, (Postage Free
to any part of Canada), \$10.
Part of a year at the same rate.
Per Week (if delivered), 25 Cents.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line each non-
pareil—First insertion 10 cents, each subsequent
insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not
inserted every day 10 cents per line each insertion.
No advertisement inserted for less than \$1.50.

THEATRICAL ADVERTISEMENTS, 10 cents per
line each insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES among the local items or read-
ing matter, 20 cents per line each insertion or \$1.50
per month. If inserted in column "What
Time People Say," 30 cents per line each insertion or
\$2 per month. No special Notice inserted
for less than \$5.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as dis-
tinguished from everything of a transient charac-
ter—that is to say, advertising referring to regular
Merchandise and Manufacturing Business, Government
and Land Sales—published at the following rates
per line solid nonpareil, the duration of publication
to be specified at the time of ordering advertise-
ments.

More than one fortnight and not more than one
month—50 cents.
Not more than one week—30 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fort-
night—40 cents.

No advertisement under this classification insert-
ed for less than \$2.50, and accepted only for every
day insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instruc-
tions inserted in full order.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of
specified period will be charged as if continued for
full term.

Liberal Allowance on yearly contracts
"Calling attention" to an advertisement, 20 cents
per line each insertion.

Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL
METAL—no mounted on Wood.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST—Postage free to any
part of the Dominion, \$2.00
Per Month, \$1.25
Three Months, \$3.50
Six Months, \$6.50
WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line
solid nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement
inserted for less than \$1.

ASUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING IN TIME FOR THE MAIL

Missionaries and the Liquor
Traffic.

PORT ESSINGTON, B. C.

To the Editor:—I must beg space in
your valuable journal to reply to Mr. Miner's
letter which appeared in the Victoria Times
on the 9th of April last. I have no desire
whatever to quarrel with my neighbors pri-
vately or publicly; but now and then one is
placed in a position to retreat from which
would be extreme cowardice and giving
place to evil.

Miner's letter is remarkable for its viru-
lence and tendentiousness. Perhaps he
did not mean to be untruthful, but allowed
his prejudice to have sway.

Miner endeavored to be severe in his criti-
cisms and he was terribly wild in his charges,
which, if they are not the product of "a dis-
tempered brain," were put together when
his brain was heated with wine, as when he
made his exit from a certain house in our
town not long ago (was it from the rectory?)
when someone said, "Don't tell Mr. Jan-
nings."

I deny being the author of the letter
signed by Kit-hon. It is true, I wrote
it as the amanuensis of the Indians. The
white men had held their meeting to
confer Mr. Dempster's course as a magis-
trate—had drawn up their petition to
the government to divest that gentleman
of his magistracy power. The Indians
felt they were the aggrieved party. They
called a meeting of their council—fully
discussed their grievances, and at the
close of their discussion they sent their
messenger to my house, requesting me
to bring paper, etc., as they wished me
to write a letter, the nature of which I then
knew nothing. When I was seated an
Indian arose and began to dictate their
letter to me, through my interpreter, whose
knowledge of English is very fair, but
whose use of it in speech is somewhat
broken. As nearly as possible the letter
is couched in his phraseology, the gram-
matical connexion I made more correct.

Miner gives a semblance of truth to his
charge, saying Kit-hon on being asked if
he wrote the letter replied Mr. Jennings
wrote the letter and I signed it, not know-
ing to what it referred.

As a Scotch Smith (Kit-hon) is a very old
man, the head chief of the Kit-ze-lash
tribe, and as such is the chairman of their
council, and in this character he signed
the letter. He was present all the time
the letter was dictated to me by his son
and others.

Miner further charges me with having
malicious purposes. I venture to say he
does not believe his own statement; nor
is there one on the coast who believes it.
There are men on this coast who, to make
a dollar, are trying hard to establish
drinking saloons. Miner knows that such
places can only be kept in close proximity
to Indian villages. To this I am opposed
and shall use every legitimate means in
my power to check the growth of the
liquor traffic on this coast. If Miner
calls this a malicious purpose, let him do
so. I have the best men and women in
the country on my side.

Every visitor to the N. W. coast is
struck with the superior condition of the
Indians here compared to those in many
other sections of this province. Why is
this? Next to the influence of the Gospel,
their comparatively high civilization is at-
tributable to the almost entire absence
of the liquor traffic.

All honor to the missionaries who, in
early days struggled to maintain the dig-
nity of the law against a train of illicit
traffickers in whisky, nay in human blood.
They nobly won the day—right prevailed;
and the good results are seen all around.
Shall we sit tamely by and betray the
trust committed to us? We must do
our duty though such duty should cause
men as Miner, and those whose cause he
champions are opposed to our principles.
Years before Mr. Sheldon came to this
coast other missionaries had to encounter
storms more severe than he met on that
memorable night, yet they did not give
their Indian companions strong drink "to
revive their flagging energies," and there
was no reason why Mr. Sheldon should
violate the law and set the Indians a bad
example. That member of his crew that
obtained from Mr. S.'s potions endured
the fatigue of the journey the best.

The Indians learned that there were
three men who had violated the Indian
liquor law. As their missionary, they
came to me for advice. I could not say
to them Mr. Sheldon has a right to give
you intoxicants, but the Chinaman and
the half-breed have not. The Indians

felt it their duty to lay information be-
fore one of H. M. J. P.'s for the safety of
their young men. I deeply regretted a
minister of the gospel should place himself
in such a position, knowing the evils
arising from the use of strong drink.

It is gratifying to find that Miner has
at last found something to admire in Mr.
Sheldon's character, which not long ago
he delighted to hold up to public scorn
and ridicule. Even about four weeks be-
fore the trial, Miner's language concern-
ing that gentleman would be pronounced
by all right-minded men as undignified,
uncourteous; nay, even blasphemous.

Miner says the immediate cause of the
trouble was persecution. Persecution—
how inaptly the term is used. Ever since
Mr. Sheldon came to this place, driven,
as he said, without his breakfast from In-
verness by the who now seeks his liveli-
hood as a "Miner," I have endeavored to
live on terms of peace with him, but my
advances to that end were of no avail.

He has told me that our ministers have
no right to administer the sacraments of
the Christian church. Let me further il-
lustrate the bigoted opposition we
have had to contend with here. Sup-
pose one of the English church clergymen
of Victoria would say to his people:
"Our's is the only true church. All other
churches are to ours what Korah,
Dathan, and Abiram were to Moses—
rebels; and then he should go on to say:
"Don't you go near the Methodist meeting
house; the ground may open some day
and swallow it up, as the ground swal-
lowed up those rebels against Moses." Fancy
his auditors to be mostly Indians at that
time!

Suppose, also, there was a white man
in Victoria who had the temerity to fre-
quent the Methodist church on the Sab-
bath, and to go to the business part of
your city on other days, and had to pass
in front of the English church and to go
over a walk the man himself had helped
to build, and that the clergyman would
come out of his rectory and say to him:
"Old man, did I not tell you not to walk
over this road again? (having sent word
to him before by another man.)

A page of history of 150 years ago would
scarcely equal this. Yet all this and more
quite as foolish has been said and done at
Port Essington.

If the Skeena was full of ice, as Miner
states, neither ship nor canoe could na-
vigate it. The weather had been cold a
few days previous to the trial, but it had
cleared and rain fell copiously during
the trial, and the ice from up the river
and along the shores was breaking up.

Mr. Crosby instead of being held up to
ridicule should have been commended for
his zeal in the cause of humanity. If Mr.
Crosby's deportment at the trial was such
as Miner would fain have people believe,
why did Messrs. Dempster and Williscroft,
the J. P.'s, express their pleasure that
Mr. Crosby was present to render them
the efficient aid he did in the conduct of
the trial by securing an impartial inter-
pretation of the evidence?

The fact is, if Miner long ago had lis-
tened to Mr. Crosby's advice, his star
would not now be so near the horizon.

Mr. Dempster's standing as a gentleman
of integrity and unblemished character
will not be affected by the detractions of
Miner. Miner should remember there is
a great difference between reputation and
character, and that while he tries to dam-
age the former the latter will remain as
impeachable as ever. Miner says Mr.
Dempster wanted to fine Mr. Sheldon
\$300, a statement in which there is no
truth. Either Miner purposed to misrep-
resent or he was ignorant of the facts.

Another charge, Miner says "Certain
individuals are ever busy antagonizing the
two races, thereby putting the government
to endless annoyance and great expense.
If he refers to me and our missions, he
knows his statement is false. Our mis-
sions have never cost the government a
penny to preserve the peace.

Who wrote to the authorities of our
land asking that ships of war be sent up
this coast? No Methodist.

Miner follows the lead of the Hon. A. C.
Elliott who went out of his way on the
bench at Port Essington to charge
Messrs. Duncan, Tomlinson, Crosby,
Green and Jennings with being the cause
of the trouble, in this case. There and
then I challenged him and I now chal-
lenge Miner or any other man to bring
forth a title of proof that I have, by
word or act, taught the Indians disloyalty
or in any way set the races in antag-
onism. When certain men at the trial tried
to prejudice the Indians against me they
replied, Mr. Jennings is not to blame,
the whiskey is at fault.

I have heard a man quoting scrip-
tures in his selections than Miner,
who, in his quotation has found a mirror
for himself and company, into which,
if they will gaze, they will "see themselves
as others see them." D. JENNINGS.

In Bad Humor.

"A year ago my head was covered with
sores, and the eruption covered my face
also, and spread even until the backs of
my hands were sore. I became weak and
ill. Finding no cure I tried Burdock
Blood Bitters. Two bottles perfectly
cured me." Statement of Miss Minnie
Stevenson, Coquaine, N. B. tu-th-sat-dw

Happiness and Health

Are important problems, the former de-
pending greatly on the latter. Everyone
is familiar with the healthy properties of
fruit, and no one can afford to be sick and
miserable while the pleasant concentrated
liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs may be
had of our enterprising druggists, Messrs.
Langley & Co. 12dw

Danger Ahead.

There is danger ahead from neglected
colds. A tight cough and irritated throat
are the warning signs of lurking danger
to the lungs. Hayward's Pectoral Balm
cures colds, sore throat, stubborn coughs,
and all bronchial and lung troubles. tu-th-sat-dw

Customs and Legal Blanks

Of every description for sale at The Col-
onist Office.

T. N. HIBBEN & Co. are agents for the
best type writer in existence, "The Cala-
graph." 7

Feed For Butter.

It is not necessary to feed oily food
for a large production of butter. On
the contrary nitrogenous food mixed
with selected food rich in starch and
peculiarly well flavored fatty matter is
preferable. It is a fact that oils taken
into the digestive apparatus are large-
ly absorbed by the blood and are car-
ried, without change, into the milk;
thus giving the milk a flavor like that
of the food. But when peas, bran, malt,
sprouts, and other food rich in nitro-
genous elements, and fats that have
an agreeable flavor are used, with corn-
meal or other starchy food, the whole
is thoroughly well digested, and pass
into the blood and into the milk in a
changed form, and not directly. The
butter is thus of a better quality than
when oil meats are fed. The selection
of food for dairy cows is a matter for
the greatest care, and also for individ-
ual experiment. A good mixture of
food for cows used for making butter
is 100 pounds of peas, or Southern
cow peas, 250 pounds of corn and 200
pounds of fine wheat or rye bran, all
ground together. To eight quarts of
this meal may be added four quarts of
thoroughly soaked malt sprouts and
one of cotton-seed meal for a full daily
allowance, divided into three feeds
for a large, full-milking cow.—N. Y.
Times.

A Heavy Burden.

Mr. George Russell, of Aurora, Ont.,
says he was a great sufferer from a run-
ning sore of the worst description, which
balled the best medical skill, and his life
was a burden. He was cured by B. B. B.,
to his great joy and the surprise of his
friends. tu-th-sat-dw

The sure effects of Ayer's Sarsaparilla
are thorough and permanent. If there is
a lurking taint of scrofula about you
Ayer's Sarsaparilla will dislodge it and
expel it from your system. dw

Having succeeded to the business of Messrs. J. B.
Ferguson & Co. we would ask a continuance of the
generous patronage which has been extended to us
in the past. There is no change in place or persons,
and our motto still will be, "FIRST CLASS GOODS
AT MODERATE PRICES." We endeavor to give
our customers as much as possible for their money.
This British Columbia Sarsaparilla and
Purifier Co. (Limited).
J. B. FERGUSON, General Manager.

HIGHEST CASE PRICE PAID FOR LADIES'
and GENTS' CAST OFF CLOTHING. Calls
at private houses and hotels daily if re-
quired. COONS & WARD, Johnston street,
next to Jackson's Drug Store.

LIVING OR DEAD by Hugh Conway at
T. N. Hibben & Co.'s.

FOR SALE TO LET.
FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE WATCH DOG—
Apply to J. T. PIERRE, at the Victoria Dye
Works.
THOS. W. PIERRE,
Tailor and Dyer,
Byes street.

FURNISHED HOUSE.

TO LET—A NEWLY FURNISHED HOUSE ON
Calder Road, near the Regent's Park.
Two parlors, four bedrooms, bath, every thing in
perfect order. Address "V." at The Colonist Office.
tu-th-sat-dw

ICE! ICE!

LAKE ICE FOR SALE AT JAMES BAKER'S,
my22d
Pembroke street, off Douglas st.

Hotel Concord Coach and
Double Harness.

FOR SALE—A DOUBLE CONCORD COACH,
with Double Harness in good condition is
offered for sale LOW. Parties wishing to examine the
Coach can do so at any time by calling on
L. DILLER,
The Brunswick, Seattle.

FOR SALE.

EASEHOLD OF A SMALL FARM, FOUR MILES
from the city, with seed crop, stock and farm-
ing implements. Address "G." Box 187 City.
my18d

CYLINDER PRESS FOR SALE.

A ONE SINGLE CYLINDER PRESS, IN PER-
fect order. Taken from 28-42. Sold be-
cause a larger press is required. For price and terms
apply at The Colonist Office.

TO LET.

A FOURTEEN ROOMED HOUSE, FURNISHED.
Well situated for Boarding and Lodging House.
Apply to
LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.
my16

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE.

A FORTY-ACRE FARM FOUR MILES FROM
Victoria; one third under cultivation; good
dwellinghouse, barn, etc. Apply to Mr. CAMP, Royal
Ct., Saanich Road, or at The Colonist Office.
my17m

OFFICES FOR RENT.

Bank of British Columbia
New Building.

SUITABLE ROOMS—EN SUITE OR SINGLE—
may be had at Reasonable Terms.
APPLY AT THE BANK.

ALLSOP & MASON,
ESTATE AGENTS

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA,
LONDON OFFICE—2 Gresham Buildings, Guildhall

MONEY TO LOAN

ON MORTGAGE AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS FOR SALE
ON EASY TERMS.
my10d

ROCCABELLA,
PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

COMFORTABLE HOME FOR PERMANENT
Boarders or Summer Visitors.
my13m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Forewarned

of danger by the condition of your blood,
shown in pimples, blotches, boils, or
discolorations of the skin; or by a feeling
of languor, induced, perhaps, by inactivity
of the stomach, liver, and kidneys; you
should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It will
renew and invigorate your blood, and
cause the vital organs to properly perform
their functions. If you suffer from

Rheumatism

or Neuralgia, a few bottles of Ayer's Sar-
saparilla will relieve and cure you. Alice
Kendall, 218 Tremont st., Boston, Mass.,
writes: "I have been troubled with Neu-
ralgia, pain in the side, and weakness, and
have found greater relief from Ayer's
Sarsaparilla than from any other remedy."
J. C. Tolman, 336 Merrimack st., Lowell,
Mass., writes: "In no other remedy have I
ever found such a happy relief from
Rheumatism as in

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

and am a well man today." Be sure and
get Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the most thorough
and effective blood purifier. The best is
the cheapest.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

For sale by all druggists. Price \$1; six bottles for \$5.

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

CARRYING H. M. MALES AND W. F. & CO.'S EXPRESS
AND NORTH PACIFIC EXPRESS.

THE PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP
Co.'s steamer

MEXICO

Will sail from the VICTORIA WHARF, outer har-
bor, for San Francisco, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 12TH, AT 1 P. M.

Intending shippers are requested to make arrange-
ments for freight as early as possible so that room
may be reserved for their shipments.

Freight for shipment by rail is requested to be at
the wharf of the undersigned by 6 o'clock P. M. on
Friday, June 11.

For Freight and Passage apply to
JES WELCH, RITHEH & CO., Agents.

BARQUE "GEORGE," FROM HONGKONG.

NEITHER CAPTAIN GRANT NOR THE
undersigned will be responsible for any debts
may be contracted by the crew of the vessel
above named.

FINDLAY, DURHAM & BRODIE,
Victoria, 7th June, 1886. jcs

FOR MELBOURNE.

THE AM. BARQUE

GEO. S. HOMER

Has accommodation for

A LIMITED NUMBER OF CABIN AND STEER-
AGE PASSENGERS.

Sailing date about 20th inst. Apply to
WELCH, RITHEH & CO.
Victoria, B. C., 2nd June, 1886. jcs

CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

Barque "GEORGE," from Hong Kong,
will COMMENCE TO DISCHARGE CARGO
at Messrs. Welch, Ritchie & Co.'s wharf To-
morrow (Wednesday).

Goods not removed on day of delivery will remain
at risk of owners thereof.

Consignees are requested to pay freight to the un-
derigned, by whom delivery orders will be issued.

FINDLAY, DURHAM & BRODIE,
Wharf St., 1st June, 1886. jcs

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Barque ALDEN BESSIE, Captain O'Brien, from
Hongkong.

THIS VESSEL WILL DISCHARGE CARGO
at our wharf on TUESDAY, 26th instant, and
following days.

Consignees of Cargo are requested to present bills
of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight
and receive delivery orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 4 o'clock
p. m. of each day will be stored at the risk and ex-
pense of the consignees thereof respectively.

WELCH, RITHEH & CO.,
Consignees of Alden Bessie,
Victoria, B. C., 22nd May, 1886. my38

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Am Barque SPARTAN, Capt. Cairns, fm Hongkong,
THIS VESSEL WILL DISCHARGE CARGO
at R. C. Janion's wharf To-DAY (Friday)

and following days.

Consignees are requested to present bills of lading
at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and re-
ceive delivery orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 4 o'clock
p. m. of each day will be stored at the risk and ex-
pense of the consignees thereof.

WELCH, RITHEH & CO.,
Consignees of Spartan,
Victoria, B. C., 14th May, 1886. my14

REGISTRATION

FOR ELECTION OF

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

THE REGISTERS FOR THE REGISTRATION
of Voters in Victoria City School District will
be closed after the 31st day of May.

SECTION 25, PUBLIC SCHOOL ACT, 1885.

"Any householder or freeholder resident in any
ward of any City School District for a period of six
months previous to the application to register, and
the wife of any such householder or freeholder, shall
be entitled to be registered as a voter for the elec-
tion of Trustees in the ward in which he or she re-
sides. Provided Chinese and Indians shall not be
registered."

In the event of the absence of the undersigned,
applications will be received by T. Elwyn, Esq., De-
puty Provincial Secretary.

S. D. POPE,
Supt. of Education.

Forearmed

with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, there need be
no fear of Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neu-
ralgia, Salt Rheum, Tetanus, Eczema,
Catarrh, Liver troubles, or any of the
diseases arising from Scrofulous taints in
the blood. Geo. Garwood, Big Springs,
Ohio, writes: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla has
been used in my family for a number of
years. I was a constant sufferer from

Dyspepsia,

but Ayer's Sarsaparilla effected a perma-
nent cure. Seven years ago my wife was
troubled with Gout: two bottles of
Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured her, and she has
never had any return of the disease. I re-
gard this preparation as the best medicine
in use for the blood." B. Barnard Wair,
75 Adams st., Lynn, Mass., writes: "For
many years I suffered terribly from Indis-
gestion, Dyspepsia, and Scrofula. Almost
hopeless, I took Ayer's Sar-

SEATED TENDERS, PROPERLY ENDORSED,
will be received by the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works up to Noon of

Saturday, the 12th instant,

For the erection and completion of a

WARD SCHOOL HOUSE

AT ROCK BAY, VICTORIA

Plans and Specifications can be seen and forms for
tender obtained at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General

Lands and Works Dept.,
Victoria, B. C., 3rd June, 1886. jcs

NOTICE.

SEATED TENDERS, PROPERLY ENDORSED,
will be received by the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works up to noon of

Saturday, the 12th instant,

For the construction of

ABOUT 3,700 FEET OF FENCING

To enclose the New Gao Site, Victoria.

Specifications can be seen and forms for tender
obtained at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 3rd June, 1886. jcs

NOTICE.

THE HON. THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF
Lands and Works hereby gives notice, to submit
Plans and Specifications for the construction of Law
Courts, to be erected upon the old gao site, in the
City of Victoria.

The cost of the building complete, including all
charges, must not exceed \$25,000.

There will be required, in addition to other re-
quisites, the following rooms, viz:

A Supreme Court Room, Registrar's Office and

L. P. FISHER, Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants Exchange, San Francisco, is authorized to receive advertisements for the columns of this paper.

\$20 REWARD

WILL BE PAID FOR THE ARREST AND CONVICTION OF ANY PERSON WHO MAY STEAL THE Colonist from the door of a subscriber.

LITERARY HARSHIPS.

Macaulay has said that to fully appreciate the work of an author, whether you agree with his views or not, you must possess some knowledge of the times in which he lived, of the obstacles which he had to overcome, and of the difficulties under which he wrote. Of the truth of this statement we can have no doubt, for the history of literature proves it only too well. The possession of great intellectual powers combined, as is generally the case, with an eager ambition to obtain honor and fame, has seldom been known to secure contentment and happiness for man. There is always some inward spur goading the man on to the accomplishment of some lofty design or conception of the mind, for the securing of which a whole lifetime of toil and privation is demanded. To obtain fame men have toiled early and late, have ruined their health, have thrown all domestic ties and affections aside, and have failed. A reader, when enjoying the productions of a writer, seldom thinks that he is taking pleasure in what has cost long years of the most intense study, under the strain of which the weary brain has too often broken down and left the body a useless mass of clay. Literary men, in all countries and all times, have had to contend against poverty, that enemy of human progress, which seems to delight in opposing the efforts of the finest intellects. If the possession of wisdom, and the faculty of expressing thought in an agreeable and attractive form, brought contentment and happiness, a literary life would be the most enviable of all callings. Living amid his books, the man of letters breathes the "pure serene" of the heroic past, reveals amid the creations of the greatest poetic geniuses, and shares the thoughts of philosophers like Plato, Bacon and Kant. A literary life would indeed be a pleasant and enviable one, if it were all its features. But look at the reality. Literary men are human and are subject to the same feelings of hope and fear, of joy and sorrow, as is the rest of mankind to whom they afford instruction and pleasure. They do not possess within them an all-conquering determination which would enable them to live independent of circumstances or free from worldly cares and anxieties. The history of literature affords many examples of men, endowed with divine faculties, who have exerted upon mankind an influence which will continue to be felt for ages, but who were doomed to most ignoble ends, and condemned to suffer the greatest mental torture. As a general rule, the poets are men whose finer sensibilities have been so developed and purified that their natures are extremely sensitive to the least lack of harmony between man's purer nature and his actions. As men come short of the standard to which they are capable of attaining, to such a degree is the nature of the poet aroused and disturbed. The criticisms to which his writings are subjected oftentimes wound the feelings of an author, and it is to the unkindness and animosity of his critics that the premature death of Keats, the youngest of the "immortal few," is ascribed by many. It is well that the so-called critics have not yet succeeded in dooming a writer of merit to oblivion, or raising him to a position to which his abilities did not entitle him. Were the critics infallible in their judgments, and trusted by the public, as sure and trustworthy guides to the fields of literature, the world would probably never have been charmed and elevated by the sweet, pure songs of Tennyson, but would have extended its patronage to contemporaries of inferior merit. By the foregoing the writer does not desire to censure critics indiscriminately, for such persons are necessary in literature, provided they keep within their true sphere, and do not attempt to dictate what should and what should not be written. Critics, as a rule, are conservative, and look upon any change or departure from the old, beaten tracks with distrust and a holy horror, but despite their opposition and words of warning the literary world happily moves on to a higher level unconscious of the threatened danger. It is true that literary powers may be acknowledged by the critics, the production may be justly praised as remarkable, and yet the public may remain indifferent to the abilities of the writer. By it is only so for a time. The writer of the reading public does not beat uniformly, nor at once respond to the pressure of some work of great literary value, but throbs with a certain spasmodic action. Fiction for a period may form the chief article of sustenance, as undoubtedly it does at the present time, and so philosophy, science and poetry may suffer. A novel, from the pen of Black or Howells, is now more anxiously awaited and more rapturously received, than a poem by Tennyson or Whitman, or an article from the pen of Henry Spencer, who, for a time, is eagerly discussed in every literary and domestic circle. Such devotion to one branch of literature, to the comparative exclusion of others, may be fruitful of good results, but it can scarcely be a matter of congratulation, that at the present time, the novel constitutes the chief literary pabulum of the public. Though genius is seldom rewarded or appreciated immediately upon its appearance, yet the world does not long remain unconquered by its power. Little has been lost which would have proven beneficial to man, and though the life of the literary man may have its dark, it has also its bright, side. It is indeed encouraging to reflect upon the noble characters of men, who are to-day as much revered for the nobleness and dignity of their lives, as for the grandeur and sublimity of their writings. Milton's pure, holy life is one which we all reverence and desire to imitate, and which well fulfills his own words, that "he who would write heroic poems should make his whole life an heroic poem."

THE WORKINGMEN'S FRIENDS.

The cry is raised that the workingmen should be represented in the legislature and in the cabinet. The proposition is one with which we entirely agree. The workingmen constitute a most important element in any civilized country, more especially in a new country like this, where brawn counts for so much. Besides the more utilitarian view, it is undoubtedly the true national policy in this new Dominion of ours to aim at the elevation of labor. But one uniformed upon the subject might be led to suppose that the workingmen are not now represented in our councils. Such, however, is not the fact. Of the twenty-five members constituting the legislature which has just been dissolved, twelve may fairly be classed as workingmen; and of the four cabinet ministers, three are entitled to the same designation. It will hardly be

contended that the important class referred to are entitled to a larger proportion of representation than one half of the house and three-fourths of the cabinet. From some of the speeches recently delivered at workingmen's meetings, one might be led to suppose that in the administration of affairs, the present government have not been favorable, have not, in fact, done justice to workingmen. Now, it is the easiest thing possible to deal in general sweeping assertions; but we challenge proof. Produce specific instances in which the present government have acted in an unjust or unfriendly way towards workingmen as a class. We think we can mention numerous instances proving the reverse. Let two suffice for the present: About a year ago the contractor for the Goldstream road failed and skipped out. A large payment fell due before absolute failure evolved. What did the government do? Anxious that the workingmen in the contractor's employ (some of them were in the employ of the government) should be hurt as little as possible, the chief commissioner caused enquiry to be made, and finding that there was reason to fear that if the contractor got money into his hands the workmen would suffer, he went out of his way and strained the law to pay the workmen as far as the money would go, instead of making the payment to the contractor, in accordance with the terms of contract. It will be within the recollection of most of our readers who the Walkem-Beaven administration harshly pushed the local dock contractors to the wall, the consequence of which was that they were ruined and a large number of workmen left unpaid. Did the Walkem-Beaven government raise finger or voice in favor of these workmen? No! But what did the Smith government do, although none of their affair? They sought from parliament and obtained authority to pay every workman who had a claim upon the ruined contractors; and they have been paid every farthing! In like manner have the present government paid many claims of workmen against the late government, claims which that government had treated in a most heartless and unjust manner. In view of all the circumstances, the wonder is that Mr. Beaven and his friends have the hardihood to pose now as the Workingmen's friends.

MR. BEAVEN'S CANDOR.

Mr. Beaven is well versed in the art of trying to score every possible point against his political antagonists. At a public meeting, held on Tuesday night at the Philharmonic Hall and engineered by the Times' corps, Mr. Beaven sought to make capital out of a nickname which his party obtained during last session—the "Six" party. In a pathetic and sympathetic manner he pretended to believe that the cognomen was suggested in reference to the condition of his health at that time. This he knows full well was not the case; and that the title bore reference to the number of the party that then professed allegiance to him, and that the similarity of sound caused the term to be corrupted into the "Six" party—indicative of the state they would experience after the election. Then, again, Mr. Beaven attempts to contrast, unfavorably to the former, the present with the late government in the matter of Chinese labor; and asks why the present government did not follow in the steps of the Walkem-Beaven government and preclude that class of labor on all provincial works. The Clements or Island railway bill proposed to give the bonus to a company without any provision that Chinese labor should be excluded. This was Mr. Beaven's own pet bill; it turned out to have been obtained by a bogus company, but that fault did not lie with the honorable gentleman. Neither did he raise his earnest voice in favor of a restriction clause being inserted in the contract granted to Mr. Dunsinuir for the construction of the line. And he was silent on both occasions for the same reason—because he knew that, were such a stipulation imposed, the work would not be undertaken. If he were as candid as he would have the public believe that he is, he would admit that, chronic faultfinder to the contrary, notwithstanding, the present government have shown themselves in earnest upon the Chinese question, and as ready to legislate against that race in favor of the white people of the province as any body of men could possibly be. So much so, in fact, that on more than one occasion anti-Chinese laws have been passed which were afterwards amended and corrected. By every session laws having the same end in view were passed; and finally the agitation secured a recognition in the somewhat satisfactory because partially restrictive measure passed by the Dominion government.

ESQUIMALT'S GROWTH.

In April last the provincial government, on a report from the minister of finance, passed and forwarded through the proper channel to Ottawa, an order in council requesting that, in any contract the Dominion government may enter into with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for a trans Pacific mail service, it shall be stipulated that the steamships engaged in such service shall be required to touch at Victoria or Esquimalt both on the outward and inward voyage. At the same time they sent a cablegram to Agent-General Beaton, instructing that gentleman to make every effort to secure the insertion of a similar condition in any imperial contract with said company. Immediately upon receipt of these instructions, Mr. Beaton enlisted the co-operation and good offices of Sir Charles Tupper, agent-general for Canada, and the last mail brings very encouraging information from London as to the probable success of these efforts. One strong point these gentlemen have been enabled to make with the Imperial authorities is the present and prospective importance of Esquimalt as a naval and military station. We understand that encouraging news has also been received from Ottawa, relative to the same matter. Altogether there seems to be little doubt that the object sought for will be attained, and thus will Victoria be placed in direct communication with the Orient and the Occident, and become, in fact, an important link in the most wonderful chain of communication the world has ever seen.

Pictures and Picture Frames

Just received, an immense stock of fine ornamental and other kinds of Mouldings, Works of Art and all kinds of Pictures which will be sold at Bedrock prices, wholesale and retail. Up-country orders punctually filled. JOS. SOMERS, Government st., two doors below the new Bank.

PIANOS tuned for \$2.50 (within the city limits). Repairs neatly executed "at reasonable rates." All work guaranteed. M. W. WATT & Co. Music Store.

CALL and have a talk with FISHER, the Architect, before you order your plans.*

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH

EXCLUSIVE DISPATCHES TO THE COLONIST.

CABLE NEWS.

The Queen Consents to Disso-

Rioting in Belfast--Orangemen in Possession of the Town.

Police and Military Fire on the Mob--Nine Persons Killed.

Two Taverns Burned--Factory Girls in the Thickest of the Fight.

A Drunken, Howling Mob.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 9.—The racing on West Heath was continued to-day, for the royal hunt cup over the new mile, and was won by the aged chestnut horse Despair; 3-year-old black colt Locustianer second; 5-year-old brown horse Kinky third. The race for the Ascot Derby stakes for 3-year-olds over the Swinley course was won by the brown colt St. Morine; colt Saraband second; bay colt Tetterstone third. The race for the Coronation stakes for 3-year-old fillies over the old mile course, was won by bay filly Argo Navis; chestnut filly Braw Lass second; bay filly Catrath third.

To-day it is predicted that home rule, now dead, would revive into vigorous life. Extensive police precautions are being taken at the east end of London, where disorders are feared. The Irish of Rotherhithe, Bermondsey, and Wapping having become greatly excited a full supply of detectives has been stationed to protect the railway depot, river subways, Tower and other places, and all strangers are narrowly scrutinized. It is openly stated that a Fenian outbreak or plot is hatching as the outcome of the recent political events.

Arlington whigs held a conference and decided to organize with the partial assistance of the conservative party to act in opposition to home rule candidates during the coming elections.

Labourers are publicly engaged in forming a radical party to oppose Mr. Chamberlain and his methods during the impending parliamentary contests. Labourers invite all radicals who are ambitious to enter parliament to write him. Justin McCarthy will start on a lecturing tour in the United States in September. A telegraphic message was received this afternoon from the Queen to Gladstone. It is said to contain Her Majesty's sanction for the dissolution of parliament.

Gladstone will to-morrow inform the house of commons of the government's intention to appeal to the country, after obtaining the necessary vote of supply to tide over the election. Parliament will probably be dissolved on June 26th. The government are less sanguine regarding the prospects of the liberals in the coming elections owing to the dearth of funds and suitable candidates. Messrs. Arnold, Morely and Broadhurst are untiring in their efforts to overcome the difficulty.

Scores of provincial conservatives and liberal agents are in London consulting with the whigs of their respective parties. Gladstone insists that every constituency should be provided with home rule candidates. He relies on the radicals and workmen's clubs to provide zealous volunteers. The government will endeavor to dissolve parliament on the 24th instant, or even at an earlier date if the house expedite the necessary business. An early dissolution is desired in order that the elections may not interfere with harvest work. A dispatch sent by the Queen to Mr. Gladstone this afternoon announced her Majesty's consent to dissolution. The Queen had previously asked Lord Hartington whether he was willing to form a ministry. Lord Hartington in reply advised that parliament be dissolved. Lord Rosebery started for Balmoral on the night train. It is understood he goes simply as a minister in attendance. The liberal clubs have split like the party. The Reform and Devonshire clubs support the dissidents. The members of the National liberal club are Gladstonites. Mr. Broadhurst has his headquarters at that club. He declares that not a single liberal association has severed from its allegiance to Mr. Gladstone. A deputation of the Irish liberal patriotic union has started for Scotland to stump the country. Female Orange lodges are being formed in England to aid the unionists in the election. The movement was started at a meeting at Commoner Sanderson's house in London to-day. The unionists have selected Mr. Russell, a notable Irish temperance advocate, to oppose Mr. O'Brien in Tyrone.

When the machine was hurled it had a lighted fuse attached to it and it exploded in the doorway.

BELFAST, June 9.—The terrible mob ended its work here by firing the tavern itself, which was burned to the ground. Then strong men who had become infuriated and were overcome by their passions, ran through the streets wrecking and pillaging wherever they went, and increasing their following. These rioters after a while congregated around the police station and stoned the place until they were fired, and then marched to another tavern. The police hastened thither in advance and attempted to protect the property, but they were overpowered and driven away. The mob, left in possession, treated the tavern as they had treated Duffy's. They turned on all the taps, broke full barrels in the street, made a bonfire of the furniture and finally set fire to the building. The police returned and this time got the better for a time of the mob, whose ranks were depleted by scores who had fallen away during the night, and extinguished the flames before they could gain control of the structure, but were unable to drive the rioters from the lot, and they remained and dominated until morning. During the rows of the night Gladstone and Parnell were both burned in edginess, and a dummy labelled "Home Rule" was cremated.

Two men named Hart and Mason were arrested to-day for the murder of Thomas Gallagher, who was shot dead last night during the rioting at Lurgan. Gallagher was a well known local simperton. He served the orange sash in the face of the horse police during an incessant fire between the mob and Orangemen. During the riot the situation at one time became so desperate that Mr. Matthews, local Orange leader, publicly declared that unless the authorities did their duty he and thousands of others would take charge of the town. Matthews was on the point of carrying out his threat when the military appeared on the scene. To-day there was a little stone throwing in Lurgan, but otherwise the town was quiet. Numbers of policemen were so badly injured last night that they are yet in the hospital. Twenty rioters are now under arrest. The coroner's jury found that Gallagher died from the effects of gun wounds, and censured the authorities for not having sufficient police to preserve order.

Rioting was renewed here this evening and the riot act was again read. The mob increased in size and began throwing stones at the police. The latter fired killing four persons, one of whom was a barmaid who was looking out of a tavern window at the fight. The mob returned the fire and a brisk fusillade was kept up for twenty minutes. The soldiers are now parading the streets. The mob drove a force of 150 policemen into the barracks and then attacked the buildings throwing stones at the windows and doors.

UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 9.—Advices from China state that U. S. Minister Denby had an interview with Viceroy Chang on the subject of constructing railroads in China. Minister Denby is reported as saying that Gen. Wilson was prepared to undertake the building of roads without China being obliged to expend one cent; that United States capitalists were ready to supply all capital and material necessary to give China a complete railway system in the shortest possible time.

Ceylon advices, by steamer Oceanic, state that the Peninsular & Oriental Steamship company purpose tendering for the mail service between Japan and British Columbia, connecting with the Canadian Pacific railway.

It is stated in Yokohama that a famine prevails in Corea, and that 600 persons have died of starvation. There has not been a good harvest in Corea for seven years.

The South Australian government has notified the Chinese government that in future the tax of \$50 will be imposed on all Chinese arriving in that colony.

The new tea crop in China is reported of good quality. Prices are about 10 per cent. higher than last season.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 9.—The Oceanic Steamship company's steamer Australia arrived to-day from Honolulu and docked at the company's wharf. Shortly after, in obedience to the orders of the Steamshipmen's Protective association all seamen, firemen and waiters left the ship, only the head men of each department remaining on board. The men all left the Australia quietly. The strike was ordered to carry out the boycott of all vessels owned or chartered by Spreckels & Co. for their refusal to employ increased help in the coal room of the steamer Mariposa.

CANADIAN NEWS.

MONTREAL, Que., June 9.—The works of the North American Glass Co., at Hochelaga, were burned to-day, including workshops, sheds, plant, and appliances. The damage is estimated at \$130,000; partially insured.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

St. John's, N. F., June 9.—Broad riots are threatened in Conception Bay. Crowds of unemployed men are parading the streets. The police, with rifles and fixed bayonets, so far have prevented looting. The British war ship Lily has been ordered to Conception Bay.

A General Election.

LONDON, June 9.—The Queen's private secretary had an interview with Gladstone to-day. Immediately afterwards the premier convoked the cabinet council, which remained in session two hours. All parties are preparing for a general election with feverish haste and anxiety. The liberal whigs to-day declare that Gladstone's candidates will be in the field in every constituency in Great Britain and Ireland within two days.

Schnadhorst, chief of the national liberal federation, has been conferring with Gladstone to-day.

Rioting in Belfast.

BELFAST, June 9.—Orangemen are again rioting here to-day. They have wrecked one hundred houses in the city, two of which they burned. The rioters have broken into several whisky stores and possessed themselves of their contents. A number are lying about in the gutters drunk; others rendered desperate or maddened by drink are prowling about the streets crying out, "to h— with the pope." Several assaults have been made by the police upon the rioters. Twenty-five of the latter have already been severely wounded by buckshot fired at them. The police have been ordered to fire balls to-night in the event of any general renewal of the rioting.

Gov. Swineford Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 7.—The most important business done in the secret session of the senate to-day was the confirmation of Gov. Swineford of Alaska.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**FOR ALASKA.**

THE PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP Co.'s steamship

"ANCON"

Will sail from Victoria for Alaska

ON TUESDAY, 15TH INSTANT, AT NOON.

WELCH, RITHEIT & CO., Agents.

je10

ANNUAL SCHOOL MEETING.

A PUBLIC MEETING OF THE REGISTERED Householders and Freeholders of

VICTORIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

WILL BE HELD ON

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF JUNE, 1886,

AT THE CITY HALL,

Commencing at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m.

For the purpose of receiving the Report of the Trustees

CHARLES HAYWARD, Secretary.

je10

WILL POSITIVELY APPEAR

—AT—

VICTORIA THEATRE

JUNE 14TH AND 15TH,

THE SHOW OF NEW FEATURES.

SOMETHING TO PLEASE EVERYBODY.

I. W. BAIRD'S

MAMMOTH MINSTRELS

—AND—

Royal Hand Bell Ringers.

Which is absolutely the

STRONGEST SHOW!

THE GREATEST SHOW!

Before the American People to-day, making Two Complete Shows in One.

Watch for the Grand Parade of Baird's Gold and Silver Cornet Band, Matt. Elder, Leader, daily at noon. Free to all.

RESERVED SEATS now on sale at Watt's Book Store.

J. F. PICKERING, Local Manager.

je10

E. G. PRIOR

BEGS Respectfully to announce that he will be a

Candidate for the City at

the Ensuing Election.

je10

TO THE ELECTORS OF**VICTORIA DISTRICT.**

GENTLEMEN:—I offer myself as a Candidate at the Ensuing Election to represent you in the Local Legislature.

GEO. W. ANDERSON.

je10dw

TO THE ELECTORS OF**VICTORIA DISTRICT.**

GENTLEMEN:—I offer myself as a Candidate at the Ensuing Election to represent you in the Local House at the ensuing Provincial Election.

je10dw

MONEY!

\$20,000. \$8,000.

FOR INVESTMENT AT LOWEST CURRENT rates on first-class real estate security.

Apply to E. M. JOHNSON, Government and Station Sts.

Victoria, B. C. je10 1m

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT the names of persons desirous of becoming candidates on the Workingmen's Ticket for the coming Election, or of persons whom others may desire to nominate as candidates on the said Ticket, will be received by the Secretary of the Workingmen's Convention at the Office of the Industrial News, Williams' Buildings, Broad street, until the hour of FIVE in the afternoon of THURSDAY next, 10th inst. By order of the Convention.

H. MACNAB STUART, Secretary.

je10

REGATTA COMMITTEE.

A MEETING OF THE GENERAL COMMITTEE will be held at the City Hall on THURSDAY EVENING, the 11th inst., at 8 o'clock, to arrange for a Regatta on the 25th inst.

JAMES D. ROBINSON, Hon. Sec.

je10

FIRST ITALIAN

—OF THE—

GERMAN SINGING SOC'Y,

—UNDER THE—

CONDUCTORSHIP OF PROF. PFEDNER,

—AT THE—

AGRICULTURAL GROUNDS, BEACON HILL

—ON—

Saturday, June 19th.

MUSIC BY THE QUEEN CITY BRASS BAND.

Doors open at 6:50 p. m.

DANCING will commence in the finely decorated hall at 7 p. m.

FIREWORKS, Balloon Ascension and Illumination of Park at 10 p. m.

ADMISSION, 50 CENTS; LADIES, 25 CENTS.

je10

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**HOUSE**

—AND—

STREET**JERSEYS**

JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE—

White**House**

ARTILLERY PICNIC.

THE OFFICERS, N. C. O. AND MEN OF THE B. C. Brigade of Garrison Artillery will hold their

ANNUAL PICNIC

—AT THE—

AGRICULTURAL GROUNDS, BEACON HILL

—ON—

Dominion Day, July 1st,

Under the Patronage of

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND MRS. CORNWALL.

PROGRAMMES OF SPORTS AND GAMES with liberal Prize List, will be issued at an early date. There will be a GRAND TOMBOOLA, the Prizes for which will shortly be exhibited.

The ARTILLERY BAND will play at intervals during the afternoon, and an efficient Quadrille Band will be provided for dancing in the P. M. during the evening.

TICKETS, 50 CENTS; CHILDREN, HALF-PRICE. TOMBOOLA TICKETS, 10 cents each, can be obtained from any member of the corps, and one will be presented to each lady on entering the grounds.

Gates open at half-past one; sports to commence at 2, and dancing at 7:50 p. m.

By order, W. B. SMALLFIELD, Lieut., Hon. Secy.

je10 1m

CLEAR CLOVER & TIMOTHY HAY.

AS GOOD AS THE ISLAND CAN PRODUCE, two miles from Victoria, at the Twin Oak Farm. We shall be ready to sell, two weeks from the above date.

Address, HOOPER BROS., Twin Oak Farm, Victoria, B. C.

N. B.—We advertise on account of being strangers and not acquainted with hay-buyers.

Twin Oak Farm, June 8th, 1886.

je10 1m

TRENHOLME & SWAN

Assayers and Mining Engineers.

ALL ASSAYS MADE IN DUPLICATE. SAM- ple forwarded will receive prompt attention. Charges moderate. Office, Farwell, B. C. je10 1m

WANTED. BOOKKEEPER.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED bookkeeper, in single or double entry, or as Clerk. Address "W," at The Colonist Office.

WANTED

BY A YOUNG MAN FROM ENGLAND A SITUATION, willing to work and would make himself useful in any capacity. "T. J. F." The Colonist Office. je3 31

WANTED

COAT MAKERS; TWO GIRLS TO FINISH ON Coats. Best wages paid. Apply immediately to LEVY, THE TAILOR. je2 1w

WANTED

MEN AND WOMEN TO START A NEW BUSINESS at their homes; easily learned in an hour; no peddling; 10c. to 50c. an hour made daytime or evening; 24 working samples to commence on free. Address at once ALBANY SUPPLY CO., Albany, New York, U. S. my23

HENRY MILLER

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC OF Victoria that he has opened an extensive assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

CLOVES AND UMBRELLAS,

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

June 9—S. S. Princess Louise, Vancouver
S. S. Geo. E. Starr, Pt. Townsend
CLEARED.June 9—S. S. Geo. E. Starr, Pt. Townsend
S. S. Princess Louise, Vancouver

PASSENGERS.

For str. GEO. E. STARR, from Puget Sound—
J. Anderson, T. Thompson, H. G. W. Golden, G. T.
Davenport and W. H. Warren, J. O'Connor, F. P. F.
J. E. Johnson and W. H. Simpson, Mrs. Fawcett, H.
W. W. and Miss Lizzie Johnson, D. McArthur, H.
J. H. Wright, Wallace, L. Meyer, Jas. Wilson, J.
Sullivan, Lee Pond, Lee Wan.For str. PRINCESS LOUISE, from Vancouver—
J. Anderson, T. Thompson, H. G. W. Golden, G. T.
Davenport and W. H. Warren, J. O'Connor, F. P. F.
J. E. Johnson and W. H. Simpson, Mrs. Fawcett, H.
W. W. and Miss Lizzie Johnson, D. McArthur, H.
J. H. Wright, Wallace, L. Meyer, Jas. Wilson, J.
Sullivan, Lee Pond, Lee Wan.

CONSIGNEES.

For str. GEO. E. STARR, from Puget Sound—
J. Anderson, T. Thompson, H. G. W. Golden, G. T.
Davenport and W. H. Warren, J. O'Connor, F. P. F.
J. E. Johnson and W. H. Simpson, Mrs. Fawcett, H.
W. W. and Miss Lizzie Johnson, D. McArthur, H.
J. H. Wright, Wallace, L. Meyer, Jas. Wilson, J.
Sullivan, Lee Pond, Lee Wan.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

J. P. DAVIES & Co. will sell at 11 o'clock, at sales
rooms, Furniture, Bedding, etc.

PERSONAL.

At the Diarr: A. L. Meyer, Omaha;
Gus. A. Andrews, Cincinnati; James
Heckerly, New York; General J. W.
Sprague, Tacoma; F. W. Ludovici, London;
James Gamble, G. B. Wright and
family, San Francisco; Geo. J. Ainsworth,
Oakland.At the Occidental: George W. Golden,
Detroit; Mrs. Fawcett, Manitoba; R. D.
Harkness, Vancouver; D. C. Nicholas,
Portland.Geo. J. Ainsworth and family, G. B.
Wright and wife, F. W. Ludovici and
James Gamble were passengers by the
Louise from the mainland yesterday and
are registered at the Diarr.General and Mrs. Sprague arrived from
the mainland yesterday, and are guests of
the Diarr.Mr. D. C. Nicholas, who has been ap-
pointed steamboat inspector pro. tem
came down on the Louise yesterday and
is at the Occidental.Gen. Y. D. Morgan and wife, of Quincy,
Ill., are registered at the Oriental.
Mr. F. Wells and wife, and Miss Kate
Wells, of Quincy, Ill., are at the Oriental.J. S. Wallace, of Seattle, is a guest of
the Oriental.Mr. J. Angus was a passenger by the
Louise yesterday.Mr. B. Springer, manager for the
Moodyville Sawmill Co., came down by
the Louise yesterday.Mr. E. A. Wilcox, C. E., came down by
the Louise yesterday.Mr. John McDougall, of the Hudson's
Bay Co.'s service, has just arrived in the
city having come overland via the line of
the C. P. R.Mr. J. Dana, storekeeper of the Pacific
division of the C. P. R., arrived in
Vancouver last Tuesday.Mr. W. J. Goepel, cable yesterday
that he would leave Liverpool for this
city on Saturday.Mr. Harkness, of the Vancouver News,
is at the Occidental.Mr. W. S. Stout, general manager of
the Dominion express company, Toronto,
and Mr. H. Samuels, the Winnipeg agent,
are at the Diarr. They came over the
line of the C. P. R. and express their
selves as delighted with the scenery en
route. The company intend to make ar-
rangements for the extension of its ser-
vice to this coast.Rev. Phillips Brooks, rector of Trinity
church, Boston, and a world-renowned
orator, is in the city, traveling in cog.

Baird's Minstrels.

Baird's minstrels open at the Victoria
this evening for a season of five nights.
The fame of this minstrel troupe is as wide
as the continent, and this year it excels
all its previous efforts. To give a list of
the famous performers, all of high merit,
would fill a column, but our exchanges
inform us that this is a genuine first class
show, abounding in refined, witty, and
which keep the audience in a constant
rue of laughter from the beginning to the
close of the entertainment.

Regatta.

A meeting of the general committee is
called for to-night to arrange for a regatta
on the Arm on the 28th June. This is
an adjourned meeting of the committee
appointed to carry out the celebration of
the Queen's birthday. It is hoped there
will be a good attendance, as the flag-ship
is here and the admiral has kindly signi-
fied his desire to co-operate in having a
successful celebration. Meeting at City
Hall at 8 p.m.

Victoria Transfer Co.

That a popular demand for short drives,
at low rates, may be gratified. This com-
pany will let out rigs for one or two hours
in the evenings after six o'clock, at
greatly reduced rates. They claim to
have the best stables and stock in the
city, and are in a position to turn out
fifty rigs. Buses are supplied to picnic
parties at moderate rates.AQUATIC.—Mr. James Seely states
that he is perfectly willing to row Bush
for \$100, or any larger sum, two weeks
from date. He regards it as simply ab-
surd that any professional oarsman could
be expected to row without the least train-
ing and at a few days' notice.THE GAZER.—The council, last even-
ing, decided on the recommendation of
the police committee, to dispense with the
services of a gazer during the summer
months.BASEBALL.—The Lansdownes, Capt.
Chas. Mullin, and the re-organized James
bay nine, Capt. Jesse, will play the first
of a series of games of baseball to-morrow
afternoon at 2 o'clock.THE METHODIST CHURCH SABBATH
SCHOOL WILL HOLD THEIR ANNUAL PIC-
NIC TO PEDDER BAY AND RETURN ON
DOMINION DAY. ROUND TICKETS \$1.00
FOR SALE AT THE BOOK STORES.NEW AND SECOND-HAND CLOTHING
BOUGHT AND SOLD.—Highest cash price
paid for Superfine or Cash-off Garments,
Blankets and Overcoats. TRAVELLERS
having a superfluity of clothing can sell
them for cash to
N. POINTEUR, Johnson st., near Broad.A MEETING of Mr. Duck's committee
was held last evening. There was a very
large attendance.

Municipal Council.

The usual weekly meeting of the council
was held last evening.Present, his worship the mayor in the
chair, and Councillors Lipsett, Higgins,
Vigilous, Styles, Smith, Grant, and Robert-
son.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From P. Lester, complaining of a high
sidewalk opposite his residence. Received
and filed.From the Victoria Rice Mills, calling at-
tention to the sidewalk on Store street and
asking to have the same repaired. Received
and filed.From P. Swan, complaining that a nuisance
mentioned in a previous communication
had only been abated for a time, and that
the matter was again a menace to health.

Referred to street committee.

From P. Everett, pointing out the danger
to his property caused by a sewer under-
lying the foundations of his house on
Store street. Referred to sanitary com-
mittee.From H. B. Roycraft, on behalf of the
provincial government, enclosing statement
of the amount due on account of keep of
prisoners, amounting to \$1731.50. Referred
to finance committee.From George Taylor, in connection with
the matter of storing a large quantity of
coal outside the city limits, and expressing
the reason for his having done so. Referred
to finance committee.From G. J. Phillips, enclosing copies of
letters in connection with the use of an
engine to supply the sprinkler with water,
and for firing, and objecting to the engines
being used for that purpose.His worship stated that the matter of
having the fire engines in use on the corner
of streets had been complained of as
nuisances. The experiment had been tried
of forcing the water up Fort street. Or-
ders had been sent to Chief Engineer
Phillips, and he too refused until he had
consulted his lawyer. Mr. Phillips gave
as a reason that the engine was out of or-
der. He (the mayor) had asked Mr. Hen-
dry to test the engine, and a report had
been sent in. Mr. Phillips had an idea
that he had supreme control over the de-
partment, as he neither consulted the fire
wardens or the city engineer.A report was read from Mr. Henry
stating that he had tested both engines,
and both were in good order. One engine
had not a pound of coal nor anything to
light a fire in the furnace.Coun. Vigilius said Mr. Phillips had
acted according to the rules of the depart-
ment. Mr. Phillips had come to him (as
firewarden) and showed him the orders of
the mayor. The firewardens were not in
favor of leaving both engines interfered
with. The fire engines were not purchased
for the use to which they were being put.Coun. Styles said that what Coun. Vi-
gilius had stated were the facts and he
was not in favor of taking both the en-
gines at the same time.Coun. Humber thought the streets
ought to be watered at night. There was
great complaint against the puffing and
blowing of the engines.His worship: "You cannot draw water
from the main while the injunction holds
good."Coun. Smith said the whole matter
arose through scarcity of water on the
high levels, only one engine was to have
been taken out at a time. He thought
there was a misunderstanding.His worship: "There was no misun-
derstanding. Mr. Phillips stated one
engine was out of order which was not
the fact. No wood or coal was found
ready."Coun. Lipsett said that at 12 o'clock
to-day the engines were not in condition
to be seen. He never saw a fire engine
in such a filthy condition. The matter
should be investigated. The mayor had
been disobeyed by the chief.His worship asked Coun. Vigilius if it
was not the duty of the firemen to have
everything ready to turn out at a
moment's notice? "The engines were cer-
tainly not in any such condition."Coun. Lipsett moved that a special
committee be appointed to investigate the
matter, the committee to be selected by
the firewardens. Carried.Coun. Higgins, Lipsett, and Humber
were chosen.From W. T. Johnson asking for use of
portion of Fort street for building pur-
poses. Granted.From R. T. Clanton asking for the
privilege of getting a barrel of water
once in a while. Granted.From F. Crandall in connection with
the old agreement between himself and
the council to erect a wooden mill, and
asking if the council would be willing to
erect a smaller mill and to extend the
time, so that he could erect a mill in
Victoria.Referred to finance committee.
From ratepayers of Spring Ridge ask-
ing for permission to lay a wooden pipe
to carry water. Referred to street com-
mittee.Coun. Higgins moved that the date of
Sir John A. MacDonald's arrival be ascer-
tained from Ottawa, in order that a pub-
lic reception be tendered him on his ar-
rival in this city.Coun. Robertson did not understand
the resolution.His worship stated that he had written
to Sir John to know the precise time
of his arrival in this city, and he had no
doubt but what a reply would be received
in good time.On motion of Coun. Robertson the
matter was left in his worship's hands.Coun. Higgins moved that a commit-
tee be appointed to draw up a
scheme for a public market. He said
that a place should be provided where
producer and consumer might meet face
to face. In all towns in the east such an
establishment was in existence.Coun. Robertson congratulated Coun.
Higgins on his motion, and he would
move that the police committee formulate
a scheme.Coun. Humber said it was a standing
disgrace to have butcher shops on the prin-
cipal streets. It was a move in the right
direction. Referred to street committee.Coun. Grant moved that a sum not ex-
ceeding \$150 be given towards a regatta
to be held on Coronation day. Laid over
for one week.

TENDERS.

The tenders for grading Second street,
laid over from last meeting, were then
to be taken up.Coun. Robertson moved that the con-
tract be awarded to Jas. Baker. Seconded
by Coun. Styles.Coun. Lipsett moved in amendment
that the matter be laid over for another
week. Something ought to be done to
Government street before outside streets
were repaired. Seconded by Coun. Vi-
gilius.The amendment was put and lost, and
the original motion was then carried.

REPORTS.

From the street committee, dated 15th
May, which was laid over, was read and
laid on the table.From the street committee, with regard to
sidewalk on the upper side of Fort street,
and also various repairs in different parts
of the city, and recommending that the matter
be laid over. Report received and filed.
From the waterworks committee, stating
that an attempt will be made to supply the
higher levels by having an engine force the
water up the Fort street main. Also stat-
ing that a bylaw be prepared to get the
sanction of the ratepayers for loan to con-
struct a high-level reservoir. The cost of
a 20-inch main would be in the neighborhood
of \$233,000. Report received and adopted.
Coun. Lipsett read statistics to prove
that a 20-inch main would drain the two
lakes dry and leave nothing but mud. A
city of 60,000 could be supplied by such a
main. A low and a high level reservoir
was the correct thing, and then Victoria
would have a good supply of water at all
times.Coun. Robertson said he had voted twice
for a system of reservoirs and it had been
voted down by the ratepayers. He moved
that the portion referring to the reservoir
be laid over.Coun. Higgins said that at the time the
matter was voted down no want of water
was felt on the lower levels. This year a
great deal of damage had been done by the
want of water to sprinkle. Great thanks
were due Coun. Lipsett for his trouble in
collecting interesting data.Coun. Smith said the ratepayers voted
against the loan last time on the plea that a
proper engineer had not prepared the
plans. That excuse would now be done
away with, as Mr. Pickering was a well-
known authority on these matters. The
present main was capable of supplying
the people of the city. In case of a fire
there would be no saving the city if
the main broke. No city was so lightly
taxed as Victoria. In other places the
roads, as well as sidewalks, had to be con-
structed by the ratepayers.Coun. Grant said from a financial point
of view the scheme would be a good pay-
ing one. The extra supply of water
would more than pay for interest on the
outlay.The amendment that a portion of the
report be laid over was then put and lost,
and the original motion carried.

GAZER.

The police committee handed in a re-
port recommending that no gazer be ap-
pointed for three months, as the services
of one were not necessary.

Received and adopted.

CITY SOUND.

Coun. Higgins reported that the pound
would be ready to-morrow.
Adjourned at 10:45.

What Some People Say.

That an Elkhart, Ind., farmer dug into
a large mound on his farm and found the
skeletons of 22 bodies that had been bur-
ied face downward, and the skulls of all
had been crushed in at the back.That Mr. Mallandaine, architect, is re-
moving to offices over Bank of British
Columbia.That Major Ben Perley-Poore writes
that the marine band at Washington is
industriously rehearsing Mendelssohn's
"Wedding March," "Haste to the Wed-
ding," and a waltz dedicated to Mrs. Gro-
ver Cleveland.That the White Sowing Machine is the
King of them all. Office and agency,
Douglas street, next to Maynard's Photo-
graph Gallery. "Im."That Alfred Poole, of Denver, Col., has
struck it rich. He recently bought three
boxes of unclaimed freight for a merely
nominal sum. On opening them each
was found to contain a brick of solid gold
worth about \$12,000.That a farmer driving into Goneseo,
Ill., the other day, saw a cautionary stick
flag flying from a tall building. The
big black square on a blood-red
ground struck terror to his heart, and he
turned and made for home, fully convin-
ced that the anarchists had captured the
town.That the prettiest line of Boys' JERRY
Suits ever shown in this city has just been
opened at JEFFREY'S.That a blushing young woman entered
the circuit clerk's office in Perryville,
Mo., the other day and asked if a certain
young man had taken out a license to
marry a certain young woman. She
looked much relieved when the clerk said
"No." "Well, don't give him one," she
said, "I've got the first claim on him."That the editor of the Wallawa Chief-
tain, published in Washington territory,
thus appeals to his readers: "For the
first time in the Chieftain's existence its
woodpile has got down to chips. Any
subscriber who is long on wood and short
on money can bring a load of the first
named article to this office. The wood
should be dry, and must be cut into two-
foot lengths."That the finest fancy food drinks in the
city can be had at the Arlington, including
strawberry and pineapple cocktails.That the Bosphore Egyptian announces
that Sir Henry Drummond Wolff has pur-
chased the palace of Ghizeh for the sum of
£180,000 sterling. From that it is thought
that the British high commission intends
to remain permanently in Egypt. This is
one of the numberless palaces which the
ex-khedive built with borrowed English
and French money.That John Boynton Hill, a prominent
lawyer in Maine, and the man who draft-
ed the original Maine liquor law, recently
died. He was ninety years old.That T. J. Jones, L. D. S., has re-
moved his dental rooms over the new
Bank of British Columbia, corner of Fort
and Government streets. Telephone call
507. "Im"MESSRS. T. N. HIBBEN & Co., have
placed on our desk "Somebody's Story,"
in Hugh Conway's own handwriting. It
is a true story of "Somebody," but, with
that literary instinct peculiar to Hugh
Conway, he leaves the reader delightfully
bewildered as to whether the little maiden
he calls Dorothy, who reads Shakespeare in
the ditch at Midway, and whose historic
triumph has made his name famous, ever
had an existence. The other tale, though
unwritten, is a powerfully silent story.
It tells that "poor Hugh Conway"—
as those who knew him love to call him—
possessed a goodness of heart, and a kindly
sympathetic nature that are quite as
worthy of recognition and esteem as his
genius as a novelist.AQUATIC.—Charles Bush says he was
always ready to talk business with Seely
in the matter of the proposed outrigger
race, and challenges him to row the course
originally agreed for the sum of \$100 a
side on Saturday next.TARGET PRACTICE.—Yesterday morn-
ing four boats' crews of the war vessels
stationed themselves at the mouth of Es-
quimaux harbor and went through firing
practice with boat-guns at a floating tar-
get.TAX CHIEF.—Mr. E. G. Prior will be a
candidate for the representation of the
city.

Marine.

A bark, name unknown, arrived in the
Roads yesterday.
Barque Spartan, in tow of the steamer
Alexander, left last night coal laden for
San Francisco.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—Cleared—
British steamer Wellington, Nanaimo.
Sailed—Steamer Empire, Nanaimo; steam-
er Alki, Nanaimo.Steamer Oceanic arrived to-day, bring-
ing Hongkong advices to May 16th, Yo-
kohama May 25.Norwegian bark Jarasfaler, which left
Newcastle, Australia, March 29, with coal
for Honolulu, caught fire on April 14,
and nine days afterwards she was aban-
doned by captain and crew who were
picked up and taken to Honolulu.IN THE STARLIGHT.—The German Sing-
ing Society had a most enjoyable trip
last evening to "The Gorge." The barge
Emma carried the members of the so-
ciety, the Queen City Band, and a few
guests. The departure was witnessed by
a large number of people, who heartily
enjoyed "the music on the waters." Ar-
rived at "The Gorge," where there was a
large gathering, a reception was held and
a pleasant time had. The flotilla, as it
passed the city on its return, presented a
pretty sight, the colored lights lending to
the scene a most weird effect. Owing to
the heavy winds prevailing the display of
fireworks was had further up the Arm,
but a few rockets were sent up opposite
the city. Numbers of people gathered
along the water front, whose ears were
regaled by the sweet music of the So-
ciety.MORE CHINESE.—The steamship Oca-
nic, which arrived at San Francisco yes-
terday, from Hongkong, brought 838
Chinese passengers, 42 of whom are in
transit for Panama, 20 for Victoria, and
86 for Honolulu.THE Weekly Colonist to-morrow.
A Home Ruler.TO THE EDITOR:—In your weekly of
the 4th inst., over the initial W. appears
an article "Handling a Home Rule Organ
without Gloves." The writer tries to mix
Irish affairs with local politics. This is
carrying the war into Africa, and what
object this incoherent scribble has in view
I know not. Certain it is that the war
of home rule will be settled without
his or my assistance. A man who says
that anybody willing to trust the Irish to
manage their local affairs is either traitor
or fool, places himself beyond the realm
of argument, and is a fit subject for silent
contempt, or the lunatic asylum. The
people of the United States and Canada
favor the Irish cause; so do the majority
of the British people. The only question
that hangs fire at present, is one of detail.
"W" claims the majority of intelligence is
on his side; such intelligence represents
nobody but such as he. It was such peo-
ple who opposed the repeal of the penal
laws, the emancipation act, and the dis-
establishment of the Irish church. They
are the British Bourbons; they learn
nothing good and forget nothing bad. As
for Spencer he is not the first man that
preached one thing, and practiced another.
Huxley is always bombastic; he is a hero
whisperer and would rule the world with
one man if he had his way. Tyndall re-
vamped the old theory of atoms and defied
it, and challenged the christian world
about their God and the efficacy of prayer.
They are great at science, but small in
politics; it proves that the cobbler should
stick to his last. Hartington and Cham-
berlain are the donkeys between the tory
and liberal haystacks. "W" talks of
Farnell as landlord and tells half the
truth which simply means a lie. One
other thing I would like to see accom-
plished is that some of the greatest scound-
rels that ever lived were exceedingly loyal.

HOME RULER.

Cowichan, June 7, 1886.

Eastern Canada Mail.

For Northern Pacific Railway.

OTTAWA, June 2.—Sir John rose to a
question of privilege regarding a recent
speech of Cameron (Huron) in which he
(Sir John) was charged with gross crimi-
nality in dealing with the public lands.
Charges had been brought that his son
and Stewart Tupper had improperly re-
ceived great favors through the influence
of the truth of Cameron's statements. These
young men were dealing in land as they
had a right to do, and it was too much to
say that because their parents were public
men they alone should be precluded from
doing a legitimate business. Mr. Cameron
has distorted and misstated the facts. He
quoted the different accusations and
showed by statements from the interior
department that they were utterly false.
In no case was a favor granted them that
would not be granted to the son of any
man in the house. Sir John, who went
on to charge Cameron of mean, base, low
purposes, was loudly cheered by his
friends as he refuted each slander of the
Grit scoundalmonger.PRESTON, June 3.—The station build-
ings were burned to the ground last
night, very little being saved. No lives
were lost.MONTREAL, June 3.—The valuable
stock of Catholic church ornaments and
work of art of Charles R. Lancelot have
been seized by the customs officials on the
ground of systematically entering con-
signments on false invoices below their
actual value.A consignment of boots and shoes
brought here by an American has been
seized for being entered at about half
their value.KINGSTON, June 3.—Collector Rowland
seized an illicit still yesterday in a farm-
er's residence near Napanee. The owner
was arrested.TORONTO, June 3.—The Orange grand
lodge concluded its session at an early
hour this morning. The new hall was
formerly dedicated by the grand master.
The visiting brethren were banqueted last
night about three hundred being present.A cable was sent to Mr. Johnson, M. P.,
Belfast, that \$100 would be sent to the
loyal and patriotic fund, and that Orange-
men would help the Ulster Protestants
in their struggle with men and means.
Mr. Parkhill was re-elected grand master
and Charles Wallace deputy grand master.Wm. Ryan, moulder, was struck by a
train near York station last night, receiv-
ing, it is supposed, fatal injuries.

Five Times Married.

WAYNEVILLE, O., June 2.—On the 4th
of July last Jacob Lamb married his
fourth wife. One of the very bitterest
days of last February he laid her to rest
in the "cold, cold ground." Yesterday
Esquire Hollingsworth married him again
to Miss Florence M. Flummer, a hand-
some young lady of 24, while the gentle
and willing lamb she led to the altar is 64.

OUR ENGLISH LETTER.

Home Rule Debate—A Monster
Petition.Lord Farnborough's Death—
Ripon's Millenary.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

LONDON, May 22nd.

The feature in the earlier proceedings
of Monday night in the house of common
was the presentation of the Scotch peti-
tion against home rule. This was en-
trusted to Mr. Macdonald, the lord advoc-
ate of the late government, and when he
stated that it contained 106,864 signatures
there was no one at all disposed to doubt
the fact, since the document had the di-
mension, and appeared to have the weight
of a sack of corn. When the speaker
requested the right honorable gentle-
man to "bring up" the petition there was
an outburst of laughter, in which he
joined very heartily. He preferred, how-
ever, to leave the task to two stalwart
janitors who with a good deal of diffi-
culty removed the somewhat remark-
able piece of evidence of the feeling of
Scotland with regard to the question of
the day. As to

THE DEBATE ITSELF

it was far from dull, and there was an un-
expected amount of vitality in the early
stages which fully rewarded those who
stayed. Sir Richard Cross has not the
merit of being a great orator, but he made
a capital speech, and Mr. Stansfeld ex-
pended a vast amount of energy in dis-
playing at once his utter ignorance of the
Irish character and of the subject in hand,
and his ability to blindly follow the
prime minister whithersoever he is dis-
posed to lead him. To the infinite de-
light of Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Stansfeld
poured out the vials of his feeble wrath
on Lord Salisbury for his speech on Sat-
urday night. According to Mr. Stans-
feld, that speech has reunited the liberal
party, and decided the fate of the bill
with the country. All these heroics were
received with scoffing laughter from the
tory benches, but Mr. Gladstone was
nearly losing his reputation as an
old parliamentary hand. A master of
tactics would not have made it so ap-
parent to the house, and through the
house to the world, that the St. James'
Hall speech has stung him to the quick,
and has aroused in him all the old animosities.
All this was very apparent on Monday.
When Mr. Stansfeld was not denouncing
Lord Salisbury he was indulging in sanguine
prophecy as to the reception that the mea-
sure is to meet with from the country when
it is consulted, and then the success which
is to follow in Ireland when it becomes law.
After Mr. Stansfeld came a long suc-
cession of

MINOR SPEAKERS.

but their speeches were really the feature
of the evening, and a most interesting
contribution to the debate. Mr. H. S.
King led off with a brilliant speech, deal-
ing with the analogy of Canada—so often
invoked by the supporters of the bill, and
completely demolishing the contentions
they advance. Mr. Hobhouse showed
how really formidable is the whig revolt
in a speech of much thought and care.
Mr. Yeo was able to assure Mr. Glad-
stone of the staunch fidelity of Wales—a
bit of intelligence which seemed to give
the prime minister peculiar satisfaction,
since he moved down the bench next
day in order more effectually to
drink it all in. Mr. Bryce, as becomes a
member of the government still faithful
to his chief, was very anxious to prove
Sir Henry James as entirely wrong in his
law, as he is distorted, in his view of the
present situation and of the prime minis-
ter's immaculate political prescience. The
speech was cheered emphatically by both
Mr. Gladstone and his Irish allies. In-
deed, it was one of the features of the pro-
ceedings that Mr. Gladstone constituted
himself leader of the clique. Mr. Par-
nell was present for a greater portion of

HUNTING FOR AN AERO-LITE.

Prof. Emerick's Search for a Fallen Meteor and His Accidental Success.

The finding of the great aerolite which was seen by many persons in Independence township, Washington county, Pa., on the night of September 14th, is told at length by the Pittsburgh Dispatch. About a month after the aerolite was seen and was said to have fallen, Prof. Jonathan Emerick, of Williams and Mary college, began searching for it. His search led him into Butler county, then into Allegheny, and although he decided that the stone fell anywhere it must have been near Clayville, he examined very minutely all that region of country lying contiguous to Clayville, extending his researches north and south of that point for about six miles, and also spent some time in wandering through that part of West Virginia lying adjacent to Washington county. On the 15th of this month the savant was rewarded by finding the huge stone on the farm of Mr. Frederick Miller, about two miles north of Clayville. It was lying at the base of a high hill, which was heavily timbered with oak, and was deeply imbedded in the soil and almost concealed from view by the dead leaves the wind had blown over it. The discovery was only

AN ACCIDENTAL OCCURRENCE.

The professor being well acquainted with the geological strata of Western Pennsylvania, was engaged in locating a well for the Clayville Oil Company, and in the discharge of this duty stumbled upon the spot where the immense aerolite lay. It required three men several days to unearth the monster. It had penetrated the earth until it came in contact with a stratum of limestone, when this sudden check of its fearful velocity caused it to break into many pieces of all sizes and shapes, yet when the earth was removed from around it it still preserved its original shape, so that the professor was enabled to have a photograph made of it, and it only fell to pieces when the specimen hunters tackled it.

Prof. Emerick states that there are only eighteen well authenticated cases in which aerolites have fallen in the United States during the last thirty years. Besides these there are 261

THE DATE OF WHOSE FALL

is reasonably well determined. There are also twenty-four instances of aerolites in which the date of fall is not given authoritatively. Add to these eighty-six masses, which from their peculiar composition, are believed to be aerolites, though the date of their fall is not ascertainable, and we find the entire number of aerolites which have fallen to be about 430.

Prof. Emerick says this stone will weigh perhaps two hundred tons, being considerably heavier than the aggregate weight of all which have heretofore fallen. On an analysis it was ascertained that there were in its composition chromium, nickel, aluminum, copper, magnesium, tin and other metalloids.

It contained 74 per cent. of iron which may be readily worked. This indicates that the stone is not of terrestrial origin, for while iron ores are abundant in nature, iron in the metallic state is exceedingly rare. It also contains in a small quantity a substance called schreibersite, a composition which has never been found except in aerolites. Its specific gravity is 7.412, about twice that of the Guiney, O., aerolite, which fell on the 1st of May, 1860. The elevation of the aerolite was computed to be about 52 miles above the earth's surface, and its path was nearly horizontal. The length of its visible path was about 150 miles, and it moved from northeast to southwest. The time of its flight was estimated between 5 and 10 seconds, indicating a velocity of not less than 15 or 20 miles per second.

Good-bye to Liberal Unity.

LONDON, May 28.—Joseph Cowen, (radical) member of parliament for Newcastle-on-Tyne, publishes a letter in which he says: "The dissentients consciously or unconsciously have said good-bye to the liberal party. The home rule question is not settled. Years will be spent over this fight. Political animosities will grow and fester, leading to a complete recasting of party lines. The prospect for the liberals is not hopeful."

Syrup of Figs.

Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., is Nature's own true Laxative. This pleasant liquid fruit remedy may be had of Langley & Co. Sample bottles free and large bottles at 75 cents and \$1.25. It is the most pleasant, prompt and effective remedy known, to cleanse the system; to act on the Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels gently yet thoroughly; to dispel headaches, Colds and Fevers, to cure Constipation, Indigestion and kindred ills. dw13

Cure for Sore Throat.

A prompt and efficient remedy for sore throat, as well as croup, asthma, pain in the side, ear ache, deafness, and many other common and painful complaints, is found in Hagyard's Yellow Oil.

Off Work.

"I was off work for two years suffering from kidney disease, and could get no relief, until advised by a friend to try B.H.B. I was cured by two bottles, and consider it a miraculous cure." The above is the substance of a communication from Wm. Tier, of St. Mary's, Ont.

A WHISKER dye must be convenient to use, easy to apply, impossible to rub off, elegant in appearance and cheap in price. Buckingham's dye for the whiskers unites in itself all these merits. Try it. dw

Why do so many limp and hobble about on sticks and crutches, suffering from rheumatism, stiff joints, and cords, lame back, sprains and other aches, pains and lameness, when Hagyard's Yellow Oil, an unfailing relief, can be purchased at the trifling cost of twenty-five cents?

A Luxury and Necessity For rich and poor who wish to enjoy good health, and who do not wish to resort to bitter, nauseous liver medicines and cathartics, is the concentrated liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs. Sample bottles free and 75c. and \$1.25 bottles for sale by Langley & Co., Victoria.

A FINE assortment of Birthday Cards just received by T. N. Hibben & Co.

The Swedish King Can't get an Allowance for His Second Son.

All the countries in Europe are not so liberal to sovereigns and their belongings as England. There was something quaint and primitive in the late scene in the Swedish Parliament, when the King personally appealed to the estates to grant an appannage of 26,000 kronen—a kronen is a little over twenty-five cents—for his second son, the Duke of Gothland. "Both as a King and a father," said his Majesty, "I am filled with anxiety when I look toward the future of my younger sons. I have given them as perfect an education as is within my power. They owe it, however, to their mother that they have grown up such good and worthy young men, enjoying as they do the esteem of the whole land." The stolid Scandinavians, however, were not to be moved. Although the Government had been urgent for the grant, it was declined by a majority of two-thirds of the members of the Lower House of the Riksgesam. The King has four sons, very little private property, and a civil list of 1,900,000 kronen—about \$50,000 five-sevenths of which are paid by Sweden and two-sevenths by Norway. One speaker observed that the King's sons had inherited considerable capital from their grandmothers, Queen Josephine, and that the interest from this ought to provide them with a fitting housekeeping—London Letter.

When the Queen Rides in State.

There are besides the speaker's coach two other state carriages in London, both built in the last century, those of the Lord Mayor and of Her Majesty the Queen. The former was built in the reign of George II. It was first used during the mayoralty of 1757. The framework is carved in bold acanthus work, after the pattern of the Italian acanthus carving on looking-glass frames, &c., of the day. The upper panels are of plate glass. The royal state coach is of later date, more fanciful in structure. The bed of it is composed of four tritons, which support the body on massive cables of carved oak. The driver's box is planted on the two front figures, and he has a carved scallop shell for a footboard. The body is composed of eight palm trees, with trophies on the four angles. A crown surmounts the centre, upheld by three boys, representing the three kingdoms, and holding the sword of state and other insignia. The panels are of copper, painted in enamel; the upper panels are of bevelled Vauxhall plate glass. The painting represents groups of allegorical figures, Britannia, Victory, Abundance, and Virtues. It is drawn by eight horses, but it has not been used since the death of the Prince Consort.

Mother Carey's Salve.

A valuable little ointment for Sores, Burns, Wounds, Piles, Fistula or Sore Bunions and Corns. Does not draw like other salves, but is soothing and cooling. 22nov

The Perfection

Of the age in the medical line is the liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs, manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal. It is agreeable to the taste, acceptable to the stomach, harmless in its nature, painless yet prompt and thorough in its action. For sale by Langley & Co., Victoria.

ADVISE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are suffering from colic, or other ailments. It is a natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the bowels, and all pain, relieve mind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty drops will do the work and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take it as directed. ap16-001-dw

IMPERIAL FEDERATION LEAGUE

LIVERPOOL BRANCH.

THE OFFICES OF THIS BRANCH OF THE Imperial Federation League are now open at CHICAGO BUILDINGS, STANLEY ST., LIVERPOOL. All Colonists passing through Liverpool are cordially invited to make use of the rooms of the branch for correspondence and other purposes. The publications of the League may be seen there and all Colonial papers received are filed for reference. The Committee will be glad of communications upon all matters of Colonial interest. Information will be gladly offered by the Hon. Secretary respecting Colonial Institutions, the duties of the National Association for promoting State Directed Emigration and Colonization; the Movement for Improvement of Local Defence, and upon other matters of Colonial interest.

MOTHER CAREY'S GUM TREE COUGH SYRUP

A CURE FOR AGGRAVATED CASES OF COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, ASTHMA, CRUP AND WHOOPING COUGH, and affording relief in Consumption from Cough or other causes. Does not make the stomach sick, pleasant to the taste, and contains no drugs or opiates. Manufactured in Australia and in San Francisco, California, from the leaves of a peculiar variety of Eucalyptus or Blue Gum. Prescribed by many physicians in cases of Chronic Bronchitis. Guaranteed superior to any drug, Cough Syrup or Consumption cures that are now offered to the public. For sale by all druggists and country stores.

OR CAN BE PROCURED FROM LANGLEY & CO.

CAESAR, GREEN & CO. BANKERS

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA B.C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD SILVER AND U.S. CURRENCY. Interest paid on the same or time deposits.

GOLD DUST AND U.S. CURRENCY

PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

SIGHT DRAFTS AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK AND CANADA.

EXCHANGE LONDON

Available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARCO & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

[L.S.] CLEMENT F. CORNWALL.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come.—GREETING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, I, the Deputy Attorney-General, in a writ for the Election of a Member of the Legislative Assembly for the Electoral District of Cassiar, is about to be issued;

And whereas it is expedient that the place for the nomination of Candidates in the said Electoral District should be at Metlakatlah, in the said Electoral District;

And whereas by the "Election Regulation Act, 1871," the Governor in Council is empowered, from time to time, to appoint by Proclamation the place for the nomination of Candidates in each Electoral District;

NOW KNOW YE, that in pursuance of the powers contained in the said Act, and of all other powers and authorities in that behalf enabling, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council appoints and declares, that Metlakatlah shall be the place for the nomination of Candidates for election to the Legislative Assembly in the Electoral District of Cassiar.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of the said Province to be hereunto affixed; WITNESS, the Honorable CLEMENT F. CORNWALL, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this Third day of June, in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and in the forty-ninth year of Our Reign.

By Command, JNO. ROBSON, Provincial Secretary.

FURNITURE CHEAPER THAN EVER!

[L.S.] CLEMENT F. CORNWALL.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come.—GREETING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it is expedient that the place for the nomination of Candidates in the several and respective Electoral Districts hereinafter named.

NOW KNOW YE, that by virtue of the authority contained in the "Qualification and Registration of Voters Act, 1876," the Lieutenant-Governor in Council declares that the following additional polling places shall be, and they are hereby established for the several Electoral Districts of the Province, that is to say:

POLLING PLACES.

School House, Sonoma, Cowichan.

Burton Prairie School House, New Westminster.

Moodyville, " " " " " "

Surry Town Hall, " " " " " "

Port Moody School House, " " " " " "

Lebanon Landing School House, " " " " " "

Albergo, Shortreed's, " " " " " "

Agassiz Landing, " " " " " "

Shuswap Prairie Post Office, " " " " " "

Price's Valley, Government Office, " " " " " "

Coutts's Lower Nicola, " " " " " "

Grange City, Government Office, " " " " " "

Spallumcheen, at Geo. Wallace's, " " " " " "

Chilcooten, " " " " " "

Empire Ranch, W. side of Fraser, " " " " " "

Farmer, " " " " " "

Windermere, " " " " " "

Kootenay Lake, " " " " " "

Golden City, " " " " " "

Donald, " " " " " "

Granbrook, " " " " " "

Lorne Creek, " " " " " "

Mooska, " " " " " "

Mooska, " " " " " "

Neas River, " " " " " "

Alberni, " " " " " "

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of the said Province to be hereunto affixed; WITNESS, the Honorable CLEMENT F. CORNWALL, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this Third day of June, in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and in the forty-ninth year of Our Reign.

By Command, JOHN ROBSON, Provincial Secretary.

[L.S.] CLEMENT F. CORNWALL.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come.—GREETING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, I, the Deputy Attorney-General, in a writ for the Election of a Member of the Legislative Assembly for the Electoral District of Kootenay, is about to be issued;

And whereas it is expedient that the place for the nomination of Candidates in the said Electoral District should be at Donald, in the said Electoral District;

And whereas by the "Election Regulation Act, 1871," the Governor in Council is empowered, from time to time, to appoint by Proclamation the place for the nomination of Candidates in each Electoral District;

NOW KNOW YE, that in pursuance of the powers contained in the said Act, and of all other powers and authorities in that behalf enabling, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council appoints and declares, that Donald shall be the place for the nomination of Candidates for election to the Legislative Assembly in the Electoral District of Kootenay.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of the said Province to be hereunto affixed; WITNESS, the Honorable CLEMENT F. CORNWALL, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this Third day of June, in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and in the forty-ninth year of Our Reign.

By Command, JNO. ROBSON, Provincial Secretary.

RE POWERS BROTHERS ESTATE.

WE BEG TO GIVE NOTICE THAT A FIRST dividend in the above estate will be declared (and be payable) on the 1st day of July next, at the office of J. H. Todd & Son, Victoria. All parties who have any claim against said estate, and who wish to participate in proceeds thereof, are hereby notified to present a certified statement in detail of such claim to us on or before said date.

J. H. TODD & SON, J. A. PITTS, J. A. PITTS.

June 4th, 1886. jefdwlm

PERSONAL.

YOUNG GENTLEMAN, OF TWENTY-EIGHT, would like to correspond with young lady, aged between 18 and 24, with view of matrimony. Please enclose photograph. jefdwlm

PROFESSIONAL.

DURING MY ABSENCE FROM THE PROVINCE, my father will attend to my practice at his office, foot of Fort Street. J. D. HELMCKEN, mb2st

Victoria, March 27, 1886.

FURNITURE.

HAS JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM THE best factories in the East several carloads of WALNUT AND ASH

FURNITURE

Which for Workmanship and Design are unsurpassed in this province consisting of

BEDROOM SUITES, EXTENSION AND PARLOR TABLES, SIDEBOARDS, BOOKCASES,

WRITING DESKS, ETC.

Also, several large volumes of CHAIRS of all kinds from a Kitchen to a first-class Parlor and Office Chair.

Also, REED CHAIRS AND ROCKERS.

Further, a complete line of the Latest Styles of WALLPAPER, WITH ARTISTIC DECORATIONS.

Always on hand, the most extensive choice of CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

Plateware, Cutlery, Lamps and Chandeliers. Further, CARPETS of all kinds, Coats and Hemp and Chinese Matting, Oilcloth and Linoleum.

Intending purchasers are cordially invited to visit my establishment, examine goods and compare prices before buying elsewhere and I am sure they will regret it, as they will save money if they favor me with their custom.

EDP A Liberal Discount on IMMEDIATE CASH PAYMENTS

ap18 JOHN WEILER.

FURNITURE CHEAPER THAN EVER!

HAVING FITTED UP MY NEW FACTORY with the latest improved Machinery, and employing only first-class workmen, who spend their earnings amongst you instead of sending the money out of the country for imported goods, with the increased facilities now enabled to offer Furniture from the plainest to the most luxurious description at such EXTREMELY LOW PRICES as will make it to your advantage to encourage home industry.

BEDROOM SUITES FROM \$16 UP. EXTENSION DINING TABLES FROM \$7.50 UP. Spring and Hair Mattresses, and the celebrated Woven Wire Mattresses at half the price of imported ones.

ALSO ON HAND—A large stock of Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleum, Matting, Door Mats, Children's Carriages, Bird Cages, Window Shades and Cornices, Pictures, Soundings and Frames, &c., of the latest patterns, wholesale and retail.

FACTORY—On Laurel Point. SALESROOM—311 Government St. jefdw

VICTORIA MARBLEWORKS

MONUMENTS, TABLETS, TOMBS, MANTEL WORK, &c., &c., &c.

DOUGLAS STREET, BET. CORMORANT AND VIGAND.

GEORGE RUDGE, PROPRIETOR.

All Orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. nobd8m

AN APPEAL

ON BEHALF OF THE ROYAL HOSPITAL, VICTORIA

THE DIRECTORS OF THE ROYAL HOSPITAL and Convalescent Home desire to press the urgent claims of the above for increased funds to enable them to carry on the work of relieving the sufferings of distressed humanity.

Having no reserve fund, and back on the present list of subscribers numbering only 134 is totally inadequate to keep up the working of the institution, and the Directors therefore confidently appeal to the hearts and sympathies of the public for a substantial addition to the funds, the increasing prosperity and population of the province encouraging them and their appeal will be liberally met.

Every bed in the Hospital is now occupied and numerous applications for admission have to be frequently declined by the Directors, and the question of erecting a larger and more complete establishment will have to be dealt with in the near future.

The expenditure is kept at the lowest possible sum consistent with the actual necessities of the inmates and the efficiency of the working staff.

Applications, almost daily, are received from districts outside the city, and it is hoped residents in these localities will also aid the Directors in their work.

Donations of old linen, clothing, books, periodicals and newspapers will be thankfully accepted at the Hospital and subscriptions received by the Honorary Treasurer.

ROBERT WARD, Hon. Treasurer. WILLIAM M. CHUDLEY, Hon. Sec. Victoria, B.C., 30th April, 1886. my12w

EDUCATION BRANCH OF PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT, May 26th, 1886.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Examination of Candidates for Certificates of Qualification to teach in the Public Schools of the Province will be held in the Legislative Assembly Hall, Victoria, commencing at

10 A.M. ON MONDAY, JULY 5TH.

Intending Candidates are required to notify this department and furnish Testimonials prior to June 25th.

Applicants for Renewal of Certificates are hereby notified to comply with sub-section 8 of section 41 of the "Public School Act, 1886."

S. D. POPE, Superintendent of Education.

Victoria County Court for Cowichan.

WHEREAS THE ASSESSES AND COUNTY Court are set to be held at Nanaimo on 1st and 8th June, respectively, and the County Court is set for Cowichan on 8th June.—Notice is hereby given that the above County Court will be held at the Court House, Cowichan, on Friday, 11th proximo, at 11 A.M., on which occasion any Supreme Court matter ready for trial may be heard.

By order, D. Registrar. Victoria, 16th May, 1886. my18

FREE TO MEN

Who suffer from Nervous Debility, Loss of Force, Diminished Vitality, and all the ills that attend on the system. A FREE TRIAL PACKAGE OF STRENGTHENING AND TONIC, will be sent on receipt of 10c in stamps. Mailed free of charge. Write to J. H. Todd & Son, Victoria, B.C. jefdwlm

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED

Taking effect from April 1st, Steamers will leave as follows, viz:—

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WEDNESDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SUNDAY.
Ladner's & New Westminster.	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Pe. Hammond.	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Plum. & New Westminster.	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Granville, Moodyville.	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Port Moody.	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Hale and Way Landings.	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Yale and Way Landings.	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	

STEAMER "MAUDE" FOR CHARTER. Coal from Nanaimo \$1.00 per ton delivered on Wharf. No freight will be received after 5 p.m. JNO. IRVING, Manager. de1st

ARCHITECTS.

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT HAS REMOVED TO OFFICES OVER SHEARS & PAGE, London House, Government Street. ap9

E. H. FISHER, ARCHITECT, DE COSMOS NEW BLOCK, GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA, B.C. feb 1y

THOS. TROUNCE ARCHITECT, ETC.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS OR Private Residences, and the usual business of an Architect promptly executed. 8m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE DISTRICT OF COWICHAN, B.C.

MR. J. H. TODD, MAYNARD ISLAND, B.C., May 24th, 1886.

GENTLEMEN:—HAVING BEEN REQUESTED to stand for Election in this District, and in consenting to do so I would take this opportunity (as suggested by some of my supporters) to place my views before you, but necessarily in a brief form. Later on I trust we shall become personally acquainted, and I shall then be able to give to you in greater detail.

As many amongst you are aware, I am comparatively a new settler, but my interests are identical with the Rancher—for I AM ONE, and it is the neglected and sacrificed interests of the Ranchers that have induced me to come forward as their champion.

Naturally, gentlemen, you will ask what party I support. I support only wise measures that are introduced for the benefit of British Columbia, and particularly that portion of it known as the District of Cowichan. My policy will be measures not men.

My feelings are with the present government, the head of which personally has my respect and esteem, and I think the wise and just manner in which he has always acted during his term of office reflects great credit upon him and those who have served under him.